

United States Patent and Trademark Office

CNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE CONFIRMATION NO. 108910-00123 2294 10/790,687 03/03/2004 Ezio Musso EXAMINER 4372 10/04/2004 ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN & KAHN SERGENT, RABON A 1050 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W. ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER SUITE 400 WASHINGTON, DC 20036 1711

DATE MAILED: 10/04/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			_	
Office Action Summary		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)
		10/790	0,687	MUSSO ET AL.
		Exami	ner	Art Unit
		l l	Sergent	1711
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communor Reply	nication appears on	the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
THE - Externation - If the - If NC - Failthe - Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN ensions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of the proof of reply specified above is less than thirty (5) period for reply is specified above, the maximum source to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. 30) days, a reply within the latutory period will apply ar y will, by statute, cause the	o event, however, may a reply be tin statutory minimum of thirty (30) day id will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	nely filed is will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status				
1)[Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on .		
2a)□		2b)⊠ This action i	s non-final.	
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Applicati	ion Papers			
10)□	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on is/are Applicant may not request that any objected to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to	a) accepted or ction to the drawing(so the correction is required.	s) be held in abeyance. See uired if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). sected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internationsee the attached detailed Office actions	documents have b documents have b of the priority docu anal Bureau (PCT F	een received. een received in Application ments have been receive Rule 17.2(a)).	on No. <u>09/375,239</u> . ed in this National Stage
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or		. —	
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/3/04</u> .		6)	

Application/Control Number: 10/790,687

Art Unit: 1711

1. It is requested that applicants update the current status of the parent application within the

Page 2

Cross Reference to Related Applications section of the specification.

2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for

failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

the invention.

Firstly, within line 2 of claim 1, "agents" should not be plural.

Secondly, within claim 1, the language, "essentially selected", renders the claims

indefinite, because it is unclear how "essentially" is to further modify "selected".

Thirdly, within line 5 of claim 1, the use of the language, "or 1-difluoro-methoxy-1,1,2,2-

tetrafluoroethyl" is questioned, since the two claimed compositions may only contain the

compound in an amount of up to 40% by weight. With respect to claims 1 and 9, it is further

questioned if applicants intend that all of the difluoromethoxy bis(difluoromethyl ether) of

composition V) can be replaced with 1-difluoro-methoxy-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl, since both

upper endpoints of the respective quantity ranges are 40% by weight.

Within claims 1 and 9, applicants have not specified a basis for the weight percent within

the proviso. It is unclear if the 40% by weight value is based on the weight of the composition or

only on the weight of the difluoromethoxy bis(difluoromethyl ether) component.

Lastly, within claim 6, the language, "on one or hundred", is incorrect.

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on

sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Application/Control Number: 10/790,687

Art Unit: 1711

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 1-4, 9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Klug et al. ('882 or '016 or '931).

Patentees disclose azeotropic compositions and their use as blowing agents for polyurethane foams, wherein compositions that correspond to applicants' compositions are disclosed. See abstracts. Since azeotropic compositions are disclosed, applicants' percent compositions are considered to be inherently met by the references.

5. Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klug et al. ('882 or '016 or '931) in view of Barthelemy et al. ('320).

As aforementioned, Klug et al. disclose azeotropic compositions and their use as blowing agents for polyurethane foams, wherein compositions that correspond to applicants' compositions are disclosed. While Klug et al. are silent regarding the use of additional blowing

Art Unit: 1711

agents, such as water or carbon dioxide, within polyurethane foam formulations, the use of water in combination with fluoroether azeotropes as blowing agents for polyurethane foams was known at the time of invention. This position is supported by the teachings of Barthelemy et al. ('320). See Table III. Therefore, the position is taken that it would have been obvious to utilize water and carbon dioxide (inherently generated by the use of the water blowing agent) as additional blowing agents with the foam formulations of Klug et al. so as to arrive at the instant invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (571) 272-1079.

RABON SERGENT PRIMARY EXAMINER

R. Sergent

September 30, 2004